

Embedded Systems Design for Industry 4.0

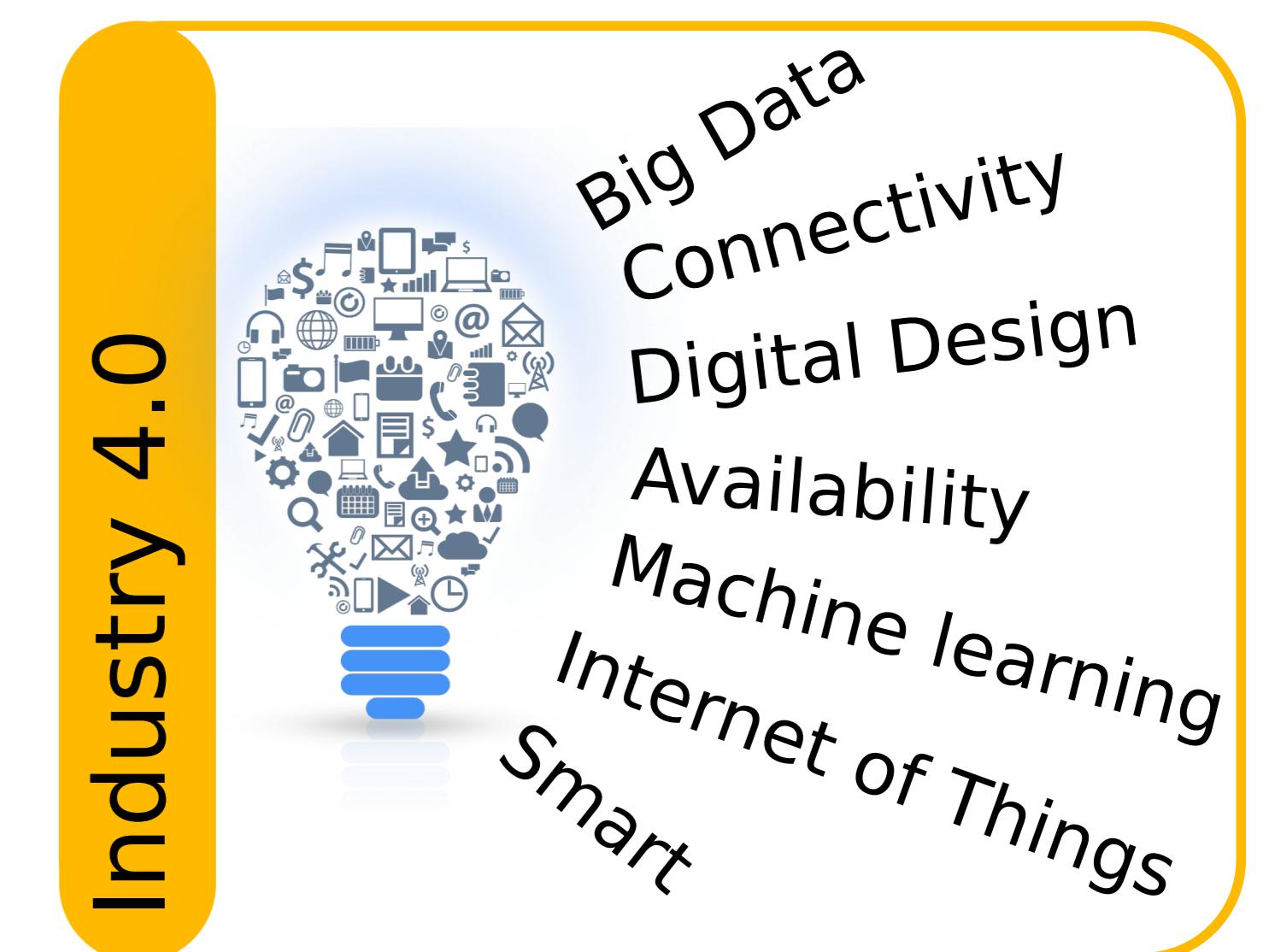
Michael Rathmair, Martin Mosbeck, Marcus Meisel, Stefan Wilker

TU Wien, Institute of Computer Technology

[Michael.Rathmair,Martin.Mosbeck,Marcus.Meisel,Stefan.Wilker]@tuwien.ac.at



Abstract – Applications for Industry 4.0 face new challenges in the design of embedded systems. The increasing functional density requires a flexible design process to achieve a competitive time to market. Given the tight goals today, the key technologies to success are: reuse of modules, highly abstracted functional models, parallel hardware/software development, virtual prototypes, etc.



SPECIFICATION PHASE

- Tool based requirements engineering
- SystemC as a formal specification and modelling language
- Executable specification at a high abstraction level
- Models are used as virtual prototypes

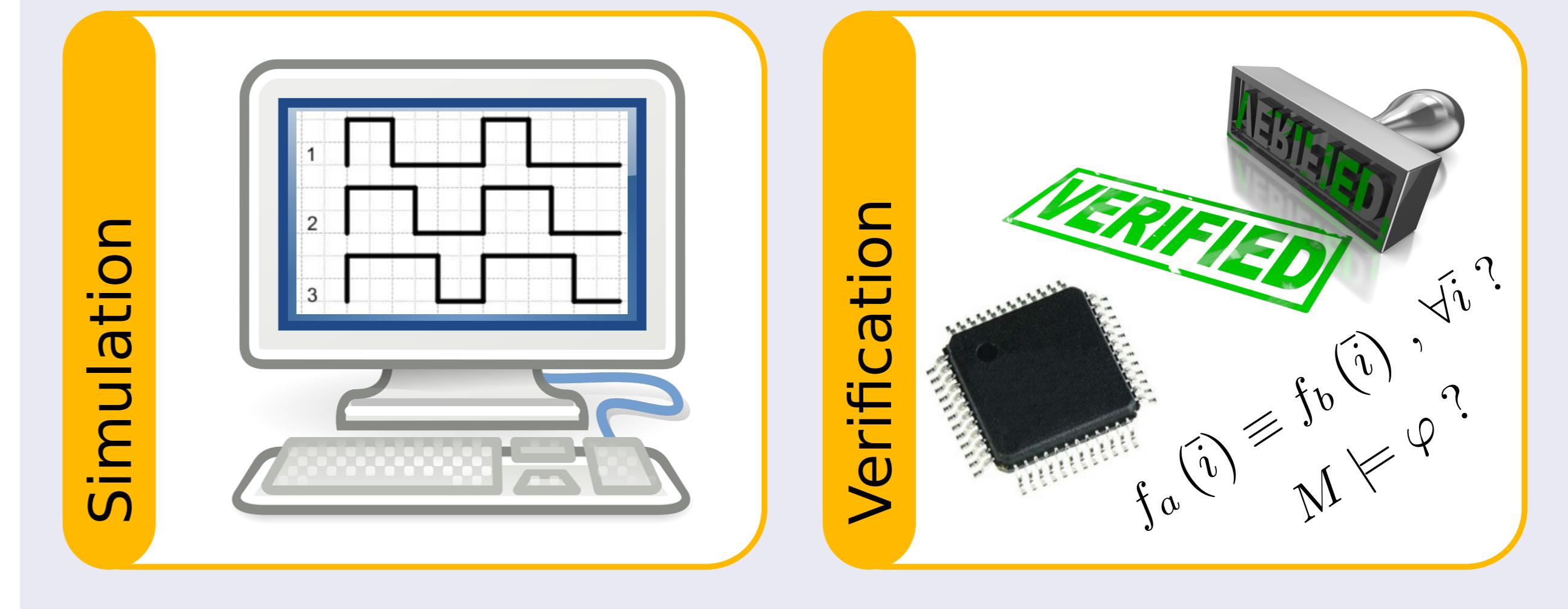
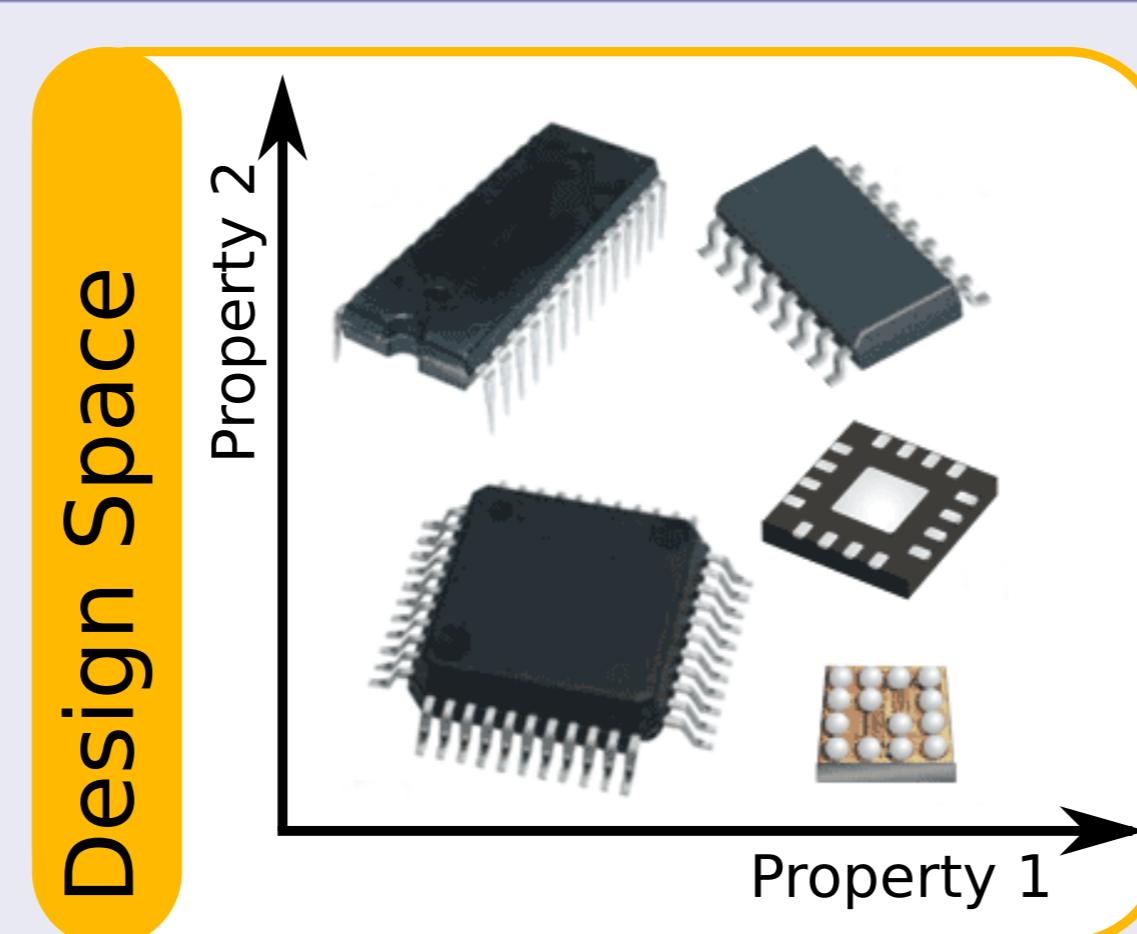
```
#include "systemc.h"
SC_MODULE(first_counter) {
    sc_in<clock> clock;
    sc_in<bool> reset;
    sc_out<sc_uint<4>> counter_out;
void incr_count () {
    if (reset.read() == 1) {
        count = 0;
    }
    else {
        count++;
    }
    counter_out.write(count);
}
```

VERIFICATION

- Specification- and design-errors have to be detected as early as possible
- Enhanced verification effort during design phase
- Simulation based methods evaluate the confidence
- Formal methods result in a mathematical proof
- Verification refinement from highly abstracted to netlist verification and software test processes

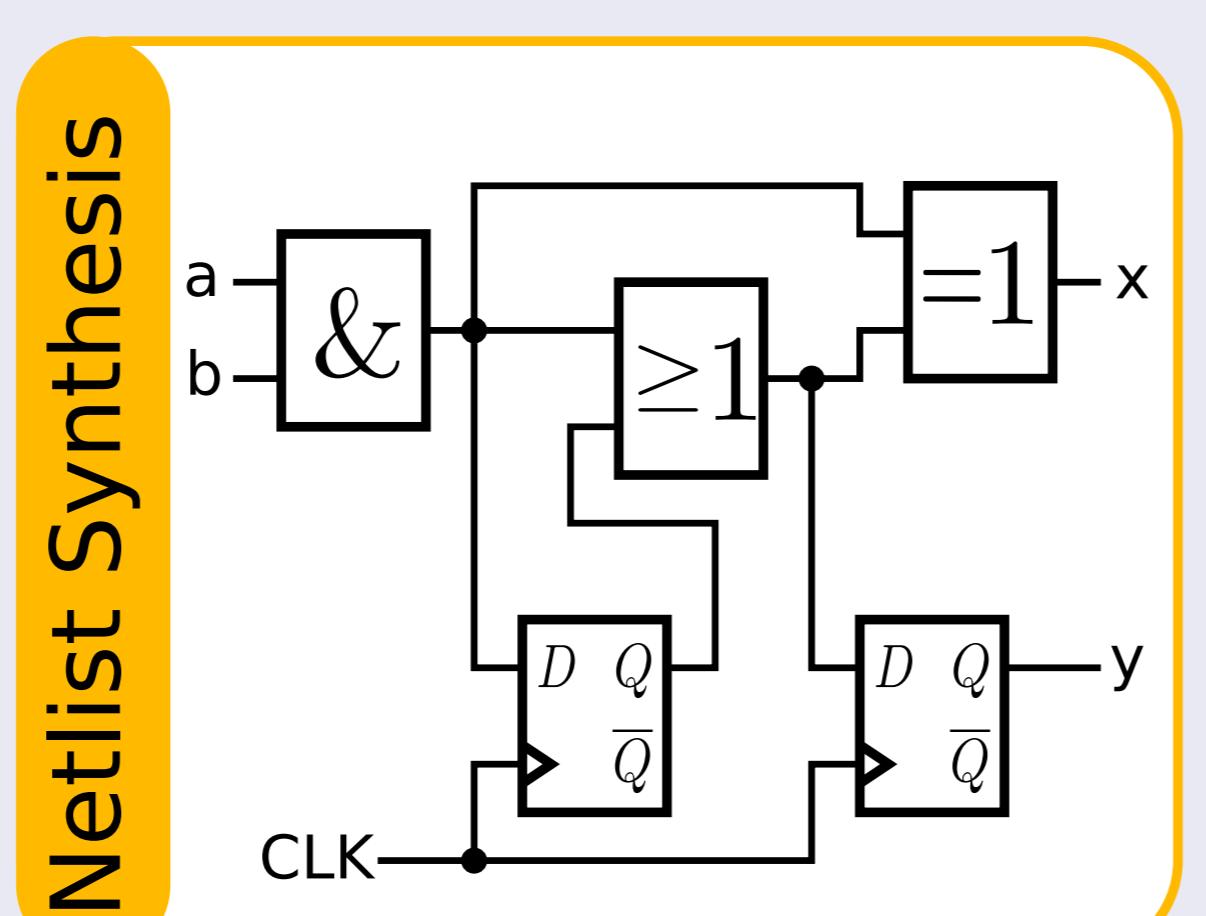
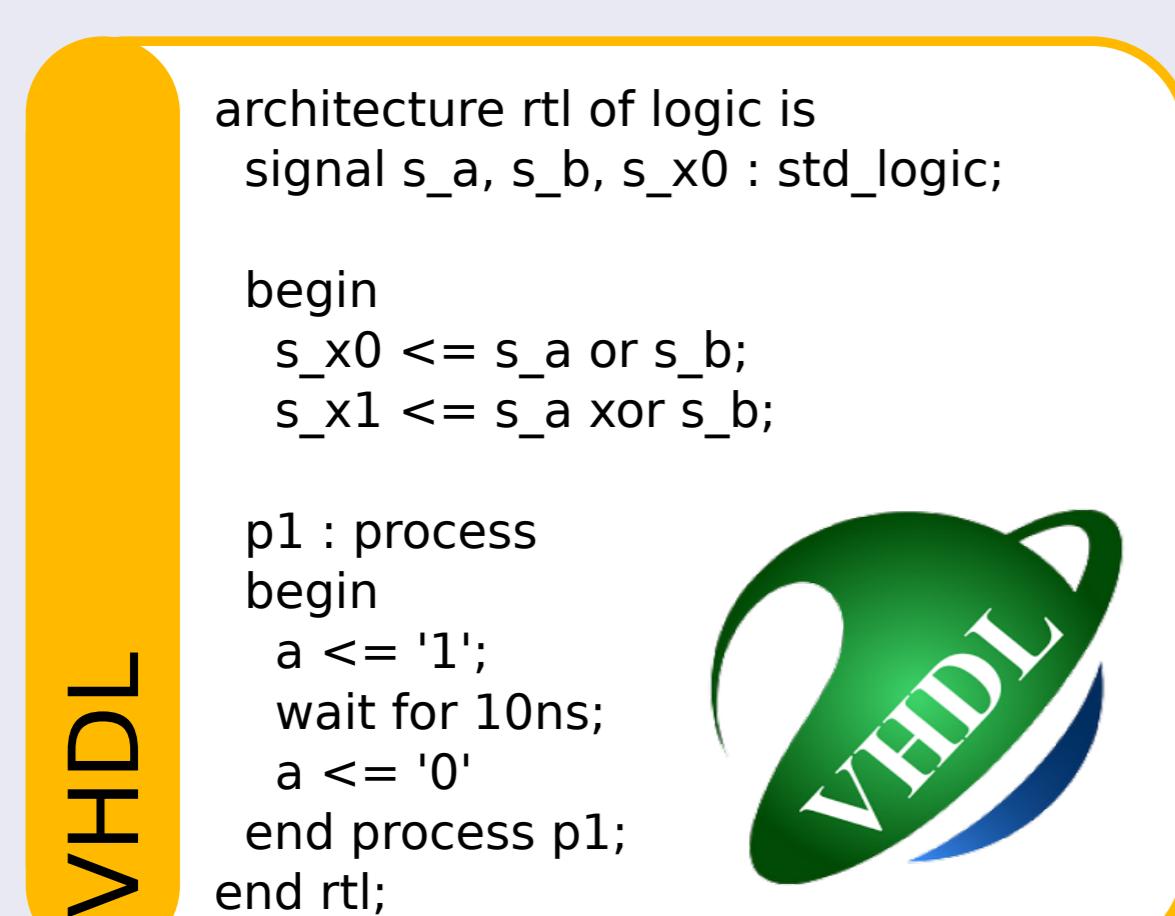
ARCHITECTURE EXPLORATION

- Specified functions are mapped either to hard- or software modules
- Profiling and estimation methods to evaluate the properties of an architecture
- Design space exploration processes



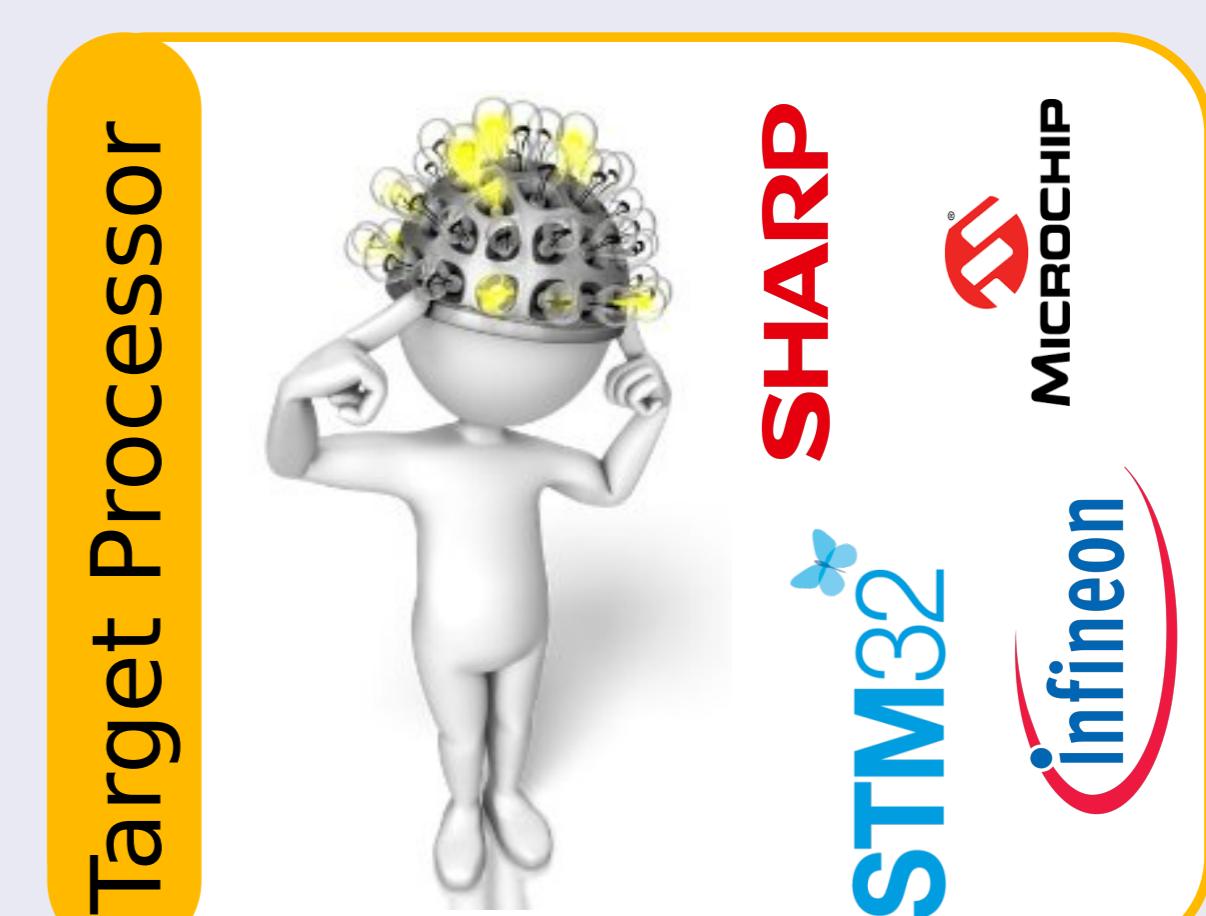
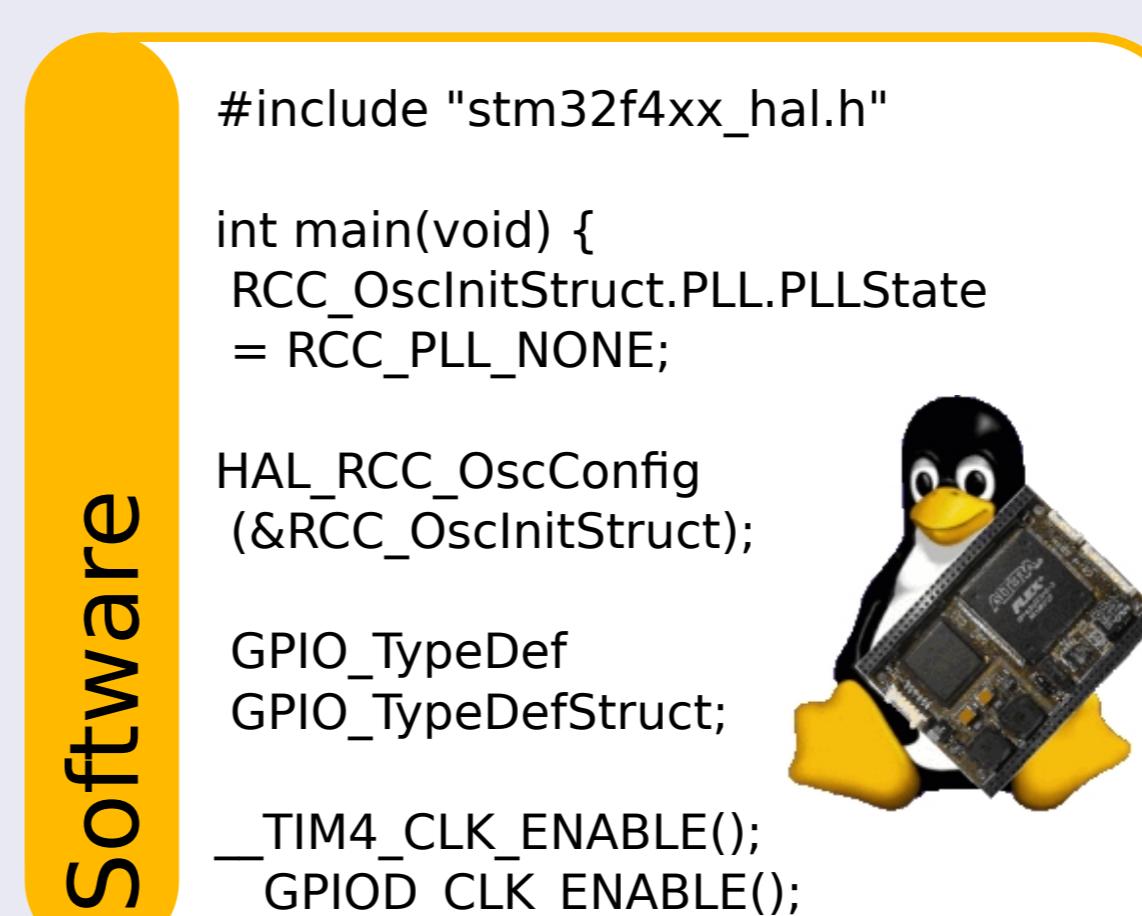
HARDWARE DEVELOPMENT

- Refinement of abstract SystemC models
- Cycle accurate model in VHDL
- Synthesis processes
- Verification against the given specification



SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

- Operating System for memory management, task scheduling, communication, user interfaces, etc.
- Hardware abstraction layer
- Software testing procedures



DEPLOYMENT, PROTOTYPE IMPLEMENTATION, AND PRODUCT

- Deployment to appropriate evaluation boards in a lab environment
- Hardware test, performance analysis, endurance test, usability test, etc.
- Prototype implementation in an industrial environment
- Product finalization and technical customer support

