Proofs for the Maximum Entropy Property of the Normal Distribution

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It is well known that for any absolutely continuous random variable, the distribution that maximizes the differential entropy subject to an upper bound $\sigma^2$ on its second moment is the zero-mean normal distribution with variance $\sigma^2$.

In this contribution, several proofs for the maximum entropy property of the normal distribution are reviewed: Calculus of variations [Shannon 48, Kapur 89], use of Jensen’s inequality [McEliece 77], and exploitation of the information inequality [Cover and Thomas 91], as well as Gallager’s proof [Gallager 68]. The discussion emphasizes the corresponding concepts and pedagogical aspects.

References


