

## Outline

We treat the convergence of adaptive lowest-order FEM for some elliptic obstacle problem with affine obstacle. For error estimation, we use a residual error estimator which is an extended version of the estimator from [1] that additionally controls the data oscillations. Our main result states that an appropriately weighted sum of energy error, edge residuals, and data oscillations satisfies a contraction property that leads to convergence. In addition, we discuss the generalization to the case of inhomogeneous Dirichlet data and non-affine obstacles  $\chi \in H^2(\Omega)$  and obtain similar results.

## Obstacle Problem

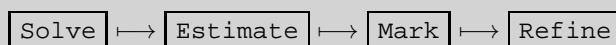
Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be a bounded domain with polygonal boundary  $\Gamma = \partial\Omega$ . An obstacle is defined by the affine function  $\chi$  with  $\chi \geq 0$  on  $\Gamma$ . By  $\mathcal{A} := \{v \in H_0^1(\Omega) : v \geq \chi \text{ a.e. in } \Omega\}$ , we denote the set of admissible functions. The obstacle problem then reads: *Find  $u \in \mathcal{A}$  such that*

$$\mathcal{J}(u) = \min_{v \in \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{J}(v),$$

with the energy functional  $\mathcal{J}(v) = \frac{1}{2}(\nabla v, \nabla v)_{L^2(\Omega)} - (f, v)_{L^2(\Omega)}$ .

## Adaptive Algorithm and Convergence

- Using the Dörfler strategy in the marking step of an adaptive algorithm



we prove that the combined error quantity  $\Delta_\ell := \mathcal{J}(U_\ell) - \mathcal{J}(u) + \gamma \eta_\ell^2$  satisfies the contraction property

$$\Delta_{\ell+1} \leq \kappa \Delta_\ell \quad \text{for all } \ell \in \mathbb{N},$$

cf. [2]. The constants  $0 < \gamma, \kappa < 1$  depend only on the adaptivity parameter  $\theta$  and the shape regularity constant. In particular, there holds  $\lim_{\ell \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{J}(U_\ell) = \mathcal{J}(u)$  as well as  $\lim_{\ell \rightarrow \infty} \|u - U_\ell\|_{H^1(\Omega)} = 0 = \lim_{\ell \rightarrow \infty} \eta_\ell$ .

- In the case of a non-affine obstacle  $\chi \in H^2(\Omega)$ , we get the slightly weaker result

$$\tilde{\Delta}_{\ell+1} \leq \kappa \tilde{\Delta}_\ell + \alpha_\ell \quad \text{for all } \ell \in \mathbb{N}$$

for a certain zero sequence  $\alpha_\ell \geq 0$  with  $\lim_{\ell \rightarrow \infty} \alpha_\ell = 0$ . Here,  $\tilde{\Delta}_\ell$  denotes a similar combined error quantity that additionally controls the adaptive resolution of the Dirichlet data, see [3].

## Error Analysis

- Edge based residual-type error estimator

$$\eta_\ell^2 := \sum_{E \in \mathcal{E}_\ell^\Omega} \rho_\ell(E)^2 + \sum_{E \in \mathcal{E}_\ell} \text{osc}_\ell(E)^2, \text{ with}$$

$$\rho_\ell(E)^2 := h_E \|\llbracket \partial_n U_\ell \rrbracket\|_{L^2(E)}^2 \quad E \in \mathcal{E}_\ell^\Omega$$

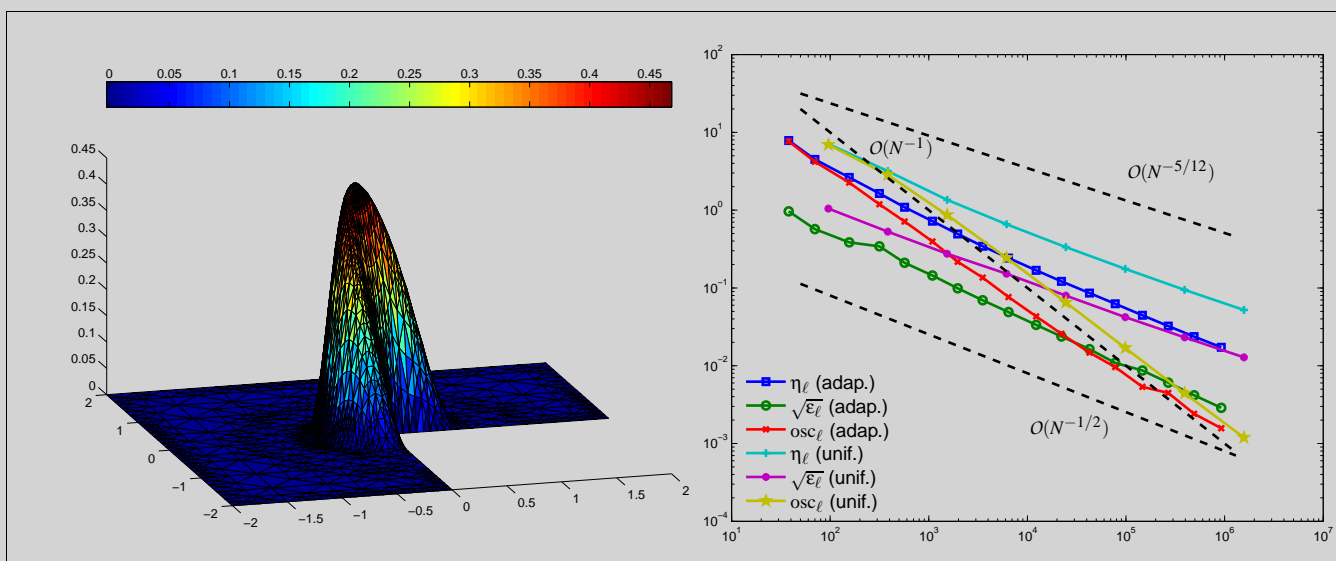
$$\text{osc}_\ell(E)^2 := \begin{cases} |\Omega_{\ell,E}| \|f - f_{\Omega_{\ell,E}}\|_{L^2(\Omega_{\ell,E})}^2 & E \in \mathcal{E}_\ell^\Omega \\ |T| \|f\|_{L^2(T)}^2 & E \in \mathcal{E}_{\ell,\Gamma} \end{cases}$$

- Reliability estimate

$$\|u - U_\ell\|_{H^1(\Omega)}^2 \lesssim \mathcal{J}(U_\ell) - \mathcal{J}(u) \lesssim \eta_\ell^2$$

## Numerical Experiment

Model problem with  $\chi \equiv 0$  on L-shaped domain



**Left:** Numerical solution after 8 iterations,  $\theta = 0.6$ ,  $\#\mathcal{T}_8 = 3.542$  elements.

- Corner singularity at origin
- Adaptively generated mesh

**Right:** Error  $\varepsilon_\ell := \mathcal{J}(U_\ell) - \mathcal{J}(u)$ , estimator  $\eta_\ell$ , and data oscillations  $\text{osc}_\ell$  plotted over the number of elements  $N_\ell := \#\mathcal{T}_\ell$  in the uniform and adaptive case for  $\theta = 0.6$ .

- Uniform mesh-refinement  $\rightarrow$  convergence order  $O(N^{-5/12})$
- Proposed adaptive algorithm  $\rightarrow$  optimal convergence  $O(N^{-1/2})$

## Innovations

### Adaptive Algorithm:

- Contractive error quantity for nonlinear variational inequality
- Improvements of prior work on AFEM for obstacle problems

### Error estimator:

- Contraction property of edge-based data oscillation terms

### References:

- [1] D. BRAESS, C. CARSTENSEN, and R. HOPPE, *Convergence analysis of a conforming adaptive finite element method for an obstacle problem*, Numer. Math. 107 (2007), 455–471
- [2] M. PAGE and D. PRAETORIUS, *Convergence of adaptive FEM for some elliptic obstacle problem*, ASC Report, 5/2010, Vienna University of Technology, 2010
- [3] M. FEISCHL, M. PAGE, and D. PRAETORIUS *Convergence of adaptive FEM for some elliptic obstacle problem with inhomogeneous Dirichlet data*, ASC Report, 33/2010, Vienna University of Technology, 2010